ACT #2023 - 418

- 1 SBKD85-3
- 2 By Senators Chesteen, Sessions, Melson, Williams, Reed,
- 3 Scofield
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education
- 5 First Read: 27-Apr-23
- 6 2023 Regular Session





Enrolled, An Act, 1 2 3 4 Relating to the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013; to 5 amend Sections 16-6D-3, 16-6D-4, 16-6D-6, 16-6D-8, and 16-6D-9, Code of Alabama 1975; to change the terms failing 6 7 school and nonfailing school to priority school and qualifying 8 school, respectively; to revise and add definitions; to expand 9 scholarships for eligible students attending nonfailing or 10 qualifying schools; to revise the poverty threshold for 11 determining the qualifications of an eligible student; to 12 provide for the qualifying expenses of eligible students with 13 unique needs; to revise the method of determining the amount 14 of educational scholarship awards; to increase the maximum 15 cumulative amount of tax credits that may be issued each year; 16 to require a scholarship granting organization to maintain a 17 reserve balance and to verify the qualifications of an 18 eligible student with unique needs; and to authorize the 19 Department of Revenue to bar qualifying schools or educational 20 service providers from participating in the program under 21 certain circumstances. 22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: Section 1. Sections 16-6D-3, 16-6D-4, 16-6D-6, 16-6D-8, 23 24 and 16-6D-9 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read 25 as follows: 26 "\$16-6D-3 27 (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the

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following:



29 (1) To further the goals of public education throughout 30 the state, each school system should be able to have maximum 31 possible flexibility to meet the needs of students and the 32 communities within its jurisdiction.

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- (2) There is a critical need for innovative models of public education that are tailored to the unique circumstances and needs of the students in all schools and communities, and especially in schools and communities that are struggling to improve academic outcomes and close the achievement gap.
- (3) To better serve students and better use available resources, local boards of education, local school systems, and parents need the ability to explore flexible alternatives in an effort to be more efficient and effective in providing operational and programmatic services.
- 43 (b) Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to do all of the following:
- 45 (1) Allow school systems greater flexibility in meeting 46 the educational needs of a diverse student population.
 - (2) Improve educational performance through greater individual school autonomy and managerial flexibility with regard to programs and budgetary matters.
- 10cal school systems and school administrators with greater control over decisions including, but not limited to, budgetary matters, staffing, personnel, scheduling, and educational programming, including curriculum and instruction.
 - (4) Provide financial assistance through an income tax credit to a parent who transfers a student from a failing



57 <u>priority</u> public school to a-nonfailing qualifying public

school or nonpublic school of the parent's choice."

59 "§16-6D-4

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For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 62 (1) ACADEMIC YEAR. The 12-month period beginning on 53 July 1 and ending on the following June 30.
- 64 (2) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. The Alabama Department of Revenue.
 - (3) EDUCATIONAL SCHOLARSHIP. A grant made by a scholarship granting organization to an eligible student to cover all or part of the tuition and mandatory fees for one academic year charged by a qualifying school to the eliqible student receiving the scholarship; provided, however, that an educational scholarship shall not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per-for an elementary school student, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for a middle school student, or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for a high school student per academic year. The term does not include a lump sum, block grant, or similar payment by a scholarship granting organization to a qualifying school that assigns the responsibility in whole or in part for determining the eligibility of scholarship recipients to the qualifying school or any person or entity other than the scholarship granting organization.
 - (4) EDUCATIONAL SERVICE PROVIDER. A licensed and accredited program or service providing educational services for students with unique needs and approved by the State



- 85 Department of Education.
- (4) (5) ELIGIBLE STUDENT.
- a. A student who satisfies all of the following:
- 1. Is a member of a family whose total annual income
- 89 the calendar year before he or she receives an educational
- 90 scholarship under this program does not exceed 185 250 percent
- 91 of the federal poverty level, the federally recognized
- 92 threshold for receiving free or reduced priced lunch, as
- 93 established from time to time by the U.S. Department of Health
- 94 and Human Services.
- 95 2. Was eligible to attend a public school in the
- 96 preceding semester or is starting school in Alabama for the
- 97 first time.
- 98 3. Resides in Alabama while receiving an educational
- 99 scholarship.
- 100 b. A scholarship granting organization shall determine
- the eligibility of a student under subparagraph 1. of
- 102 paragraph a. every other academic year in which a student
- 103 receives an educational scholarship; provided that if the
- 104 annual income of the family of a student who has received at
- least one educational scholarship exceeds—185 250 percent of
- 106 the federal poverty level, the existing student shall remain
- 107 eligible to receive educational scholarships until and unless
- the annual income of the family of the student exceeds $\frac{275}{100}$
- 109 percent of the federal poverty level; provided, further that
- 110 no student who has received at least one educational
- 111 scholarship shall be eligible to receive educational
- 112 scholarships if the annual income of his or her family exceeds



- 113 275 350 percent of the federal poverty level.
- 114 (14) PRIORITY (5) FAILING—SCHOOL. A public K-12 school
- 115 that is either of the following:
- a. Is designated as a <u>failing priority</u> school by the
- 117 State Superintendent of Education.
- b. Does not exclusively serve a special population of
- 119 students and is listed in the lowest six percent of public
- 120 K-12-schools based on the state standardized-assessment in
- 121 reading and math has received a D or an F on the most recent
- 122 state report card.
- 123 (6) ELIGIBLE STUDENT WITH UNIQUE NEEDS.
- a. A student who satisfies all of the following:
- 125 1. Is the subject of a current Individual Education
- 126 Plan, as defined in the Individuals with Disabilities Act, or
- 127 504 accommodation that has been issued according to Section
- 128 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. This includes, but is
- 129 not limited to, a student who has an intellectual disability
- or is speech or language impaired, deaf or hard of hearing,
- 131 visually impaired, dual sensory impaired, physically impaired,
- 132 specific learning disabled, autistic, or hospitalized or home
- bound because of illness or disability.
- 134 2. Has attended a primary or secondary school in this
- 135 state during the immediately preceding school year.
- 3. Is not currently enrolled in a public school or
- 137 public school program.
- 4. Is eligible to participate in the program regardless
- of the academic performance of the resident school district.
- 140 5. Resides in Alabama while receiving an educational



14	1	scholarship	٠.
Τ -	ㅗ	SCHOTALSHIP	٠.

- 142 (6) (7) FAMILY. A group of two or more people related by
 143 birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children, who
 144 reside together.
- (7) (8) FLEXIBILITY CONTRACT. A school flexibility

 146 contract between the local school system and the State Board

 147 of Education wherein a local school system may apply for

 148 programmatic flexibility or budgetary flexibility, or both,

 149 from state laws, regulations, and policies, including

 150 regulations and policies—promulgated_adopted by the State

 151 Board of Education and the State Department of Education.
- 152 (8) (9) INNOVATION PLAN. The request of a local school system for flexibility and plan for annual accountability measures and five-year targets for all participating schools within the school system.
- 156 (9) (10) LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION. A city or county

 157 board of education that exercises management and control of a

 158 local school system pursuant to state law.
- (10) (11) LOCAL SCHOOL SYSTEM. A public agency that
 establishes and supervises one or more public schools within
 its geographical limits pursuant to state law.
- (11) (12) NONPUBLIC SCHOOL. Any nonpublic or private

 school, including parochial schools, not under the

 jurisdiction of the State Superintendent of Education and the

 State Board of Education, providing educational services to

 children. A nonpublic school provides education to elementary

 or secondary, or both, students and has notified the

 Department of Revenue of its intention to participate in the



- scholarship program and comply with the requirements of the scholarship program. A nonpublic school does not include home schooling.
- (12) (13) PARENT. The parent or guardian of a student,
 with authority to act on behalf of the student. For purposes
 of Section 16-6D-8, the parent or guardian shall claim the
 student as a dependent on his or her Alabama state income tax
 return.
- 177 (15) PRIVATE TUTORING. Tutoring services provided by a

 178 tutor certified by the state or accredited by a regional or

 179 national accrediting organization.
- 180 (16) PROGRAM. The Alabama Accountability Act
 181 Scholarship Program.
- 182 (17) QUALIFYING EXPENSES TO EDUCATE AN ELIGIBLE STUDENT
 183 WITH UNIQUE NEEDS:
- a. Tuition and fees at a qualifying school.
- b. Textbooks required by a qualifying school.
- c. Payment to a licensed or accredited tutor.
- d. Payment for the purchase of curriculum or
- 188 instructional material.
- e. Tuition and fees for an approved nonpublic online learning program.
- f. Educational services for an eligible student with
 unique needs from a licensed or accredited practitioner or
 provider.
- g. Contracted services from a public school district,

 including individual classes.
- 196 $\frac{(13)}{(18)}$ QUALIFYING SCHOOL.



- 197 a. Either a public school outside of the resident 198 school district that is not considered failing within the 199 meaning of subdivision (5) a priority school or any nonpublic 200 school—as defined in subdivision (11) and that satisfies the 201 requirements of this subdivision. A qualifying nonpublic 202 school shall be accredited by one of the six regional 203 accrediting agencies or the National Council for Private 204 School Accreditation, AdvancEd, the American Association of 205 Christian Schools, or one of their partner accrediting 206 agencies. A nonpublic school shall have three years from the 207 later of the date the nonpublic school notified the Department 208 of Revenue of its intent to participate in the scholarship 209 program or June 10, 2015, to obtain the required accreditation 210 and shall thereafter maintain accreditation as required by 211 this subdivision. During the three-year period described in 212 the immediately preceding sentence, a nonpublic school that is 213 not accredited shall satisfy all of the following conditions 214 until the nonpublic school obtains accreditation:
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 1. Has been in existence for at least three years.
- 2. Has daily attendance of at least 85 percent over a two-year period.
- 3. Has a minimum 180-day school year, or its hourly equivalent.
 - 4. Has a day length of at least six and one-half hours.
- 5. Requires all students to take the Stanford
- 222 Achievement Test, or its equivalent.

- 6. Requires all candidates for graduation to take the
- 224 American College Test before graduation.



- 7. Requires students in high school in grades nine through 12 to earn a minimum of 24 credits before graduating, including 16 credits in core subjects, and each awarded credit shall consist of a minimum of 140 instructional hours.
- 8. Does not subject—special cducation_eligible students
 with unique needs to the same testing or curricular
 requirements as regular education students if it is not
 required in the individual plan for the student.
- 9. Maintains a website that describes the school, the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated prior to the beginning of each semester.
- 237 10. Annually affirms on forms prescribed by the
 238 scholarship granting organization and the Department of
 239 Revenue its status financially and academically and provide
 240 other relative information as required by the scholarship
 241 granting organization or as otherwise required in this
 242 chapter.
- 243 b. A nonpublic school that is not accredited and that 244 has not been in existence for at least three years shall 245 nevertheless be considered a qualifying school if, in addition 245 to satisfying the requirements in subparagraphs 2. to 10., 247 inclusive, of paragraph a., the nonpublic school operates 248 under the governance of the board of directors or the 249 equivalent thereof of an accredited nonpublic school. For 250 purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, the term 251 governance shall include, but not be limited to, curriculum 252 oversight, personnel and facility management, and financial



253	management. If, at the conclusion of the three-year period in
254	which a nonpublic school is required to obtain accreditation,
255	a nonpublic school is not accredited, the nonpublic school
256	shall not be considered a qualifying school and shall not
257	receive any funds from a scholarship granting organization
258	until the nonpublic school obtains the accreditation required

- 260 (19) RESIDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT. The public school district in which the student resides.
- 262 (14)(20) SCHOLARSHIP GRANTING ORGANIZATION. An
 263 organization that provides or is approved to provide
 264 educational scholarships to eligible students and eligible
 265 students with unique needs attending qualifying schools of
 266 their parents' choice."
- 267 "§16-6D-6

by this subdivision.

- 268 (a) The innovation plan of a local school system shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- 270 (1) The school year that the local school system
 271 expects the school flexibility contract to begin.
- 272 (2) The list of state laws, regulations, and policies,
 273 including rules, regulations, and policies—<u>promulgated adopted</u>
 274 by the State Board of Education and the State Department of
 275 Education, that the local school system is seeking to waive in
 276 its school flexibility contract.
- 277 (3) A list of schools included in the innovation plan 278 of the local school system.
- 279 (b) A local school system is accountable to the state 280 for the performance of all schools in its system, including



innovative schools, under state and federal accountability requirements.

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- (c) A local school system may not, pursuant to this chapter, waive requirements imposed by federal law, requirements related to the health and safety of students or employees, requirements imposed by ethics laws, requirements imposed by the Alabama Child Protection Act of 1999, Chapter 22A of this title, requirements imposed by open records or open meetings laws, requirements related to financial or academic reporting or transparency, requirements designed to protect the civil rights of students or employees, requirements related to the state retirement system or state health insurance plan, or requirements imposed by Act 2012-482. This chapter may not be construed to allow a local school system to compensate an employee at an annual amount that is less than the amount the employee would otherwise be afforded through the State Minimum Salary Schedule included in the annual Education Trust Fund Appropriations Act. No local school system shall involuntarily remove any rights or privileges acquired by any employee under the Students First Act of 2011, Chapter 24C of this title. Except as provided for a-failing priority school pursuant to subsection (e), no plan or program submitted by a local board of education may be used to deny any right or privilege granted to a new employee pursuant to the Students First Act of 2011.
- (d) Any provision of subsection (c) to the contrary notwithstanding, upon recommendation by the local superintendent and approval of the local board of education, a



- 309 priority school shall have the same flexibility provided to a
- 310 public conversion charter school so long as the priority
- 311 school shows growth in student assessments. If student growth
- 312 does not occur within five years, flexibility shall be
- 313 revoked.
- 314 (d) (e) No provision of this chapter shall be construed
- 315 or shall be used to authorize the formation of a charter
- 316 school.
- $\frac{(e)}{(f)}$ (f) Any provision of subsection (c) to the contrary
- 318 notwithstanding, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
- 319 prohibit the approval of a flexibility contract that gives
- 320 potential, current, or future employees of a failing priority
- 321 school within the local school system the option to
- 322 voluntarily waive any rights or privileges already acquired or
- 323 that could potentially be acquired as a result of attaining
- 324 tenure or nonprobationary status, provided, however, that any
- 325 employee provided this option is also provided the option of
- 326 retaining or potentially obtaining any rights or privileges
- 327 provided under the Students First Act, Chapter 24C of this
- 328 title.
- $\frac{(f)}{(g)}$ The State Department of Education shall finalize
- 330 all school data and the local school system shall seek
- 331 approval of the local board of education before final
- 332 submission to the State Department of Education and the State
- 333 Board of Education.
- $\frac{(g)}{(h)}$ The final innovation plan, as recommended by the
- 335 local superintendent of education and approved by the local
- 336 board of education, shall accompany the formal submission of



337 the local school system to the State Department of Education.

338 (h)(i) Within 60 days of receiving the final 339 submission, the State Superintendent of Education shall decide whether or not the school flexibility contract and the 340 341 innovation plan should be approved. If the State 342 Superintendent of Education denies a school flexibility 343 contract and innovation plan, he or she shall provide a 344 written explanation for his or her decision to the local board 345 of education. Likewise, a written letter of approval by the 346 State Superintendent of Education shall be provided to the 347 local board of education that submitted the final school

349 (i) (j) The State Board of Education shall promulgate
350 any necessary rules and regulations required to implement this
351 chapter including, but not limited to, all of the following:

flexibility contract and innovation plan.

- (1) The specification of timelines for submission and approval of the innovation plan and school flexibility contract of a local school system.
- 355 (2) An authorization for the State Department of
 356 Education, upon approval by the State Board of Education after
 357 periodic review, to revoke a school flexibility contract for
 358 noncompliance or nonperformance, or both, by a local school
 359 system.
- 360 (3) An outline of procedures and necessary steps that a 361 local school system shall follow, upon denial of an original 362 submission, to amend and resubmit an innovation plan and 363 school flexibility contract for approval."

364 "§16-6D-8

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365	(a) To provide educational flexibility and state
366	accountability for students in <u>failing priority</u> schools:

(1) For tax years beginning on and after January 1,
2013, an Alabama income tax credit is made available to the
parent of a student enrolled in or assigned to attend a
failing priority school to help offset the cost of
transferring the student to a - nonfailing qualifying public
school or nonpublic school of the parent's choice. The income
tax credit shall be an amount equal to 80 percent of the
average annual state cost of attendance for a public K-12
student during the applicable tax year or the actual cost of
attending a nonfailing qualifying public school or nonpublic
school, whichever is less. The actual cost of attending a
nonfailing qualifying public school or nonpublic school shall
be calculated by adding together any tuition amounts or
mandatory fees charged by the school to the student as a
condition of enrolling or of maintaining enrollment in the
school. The average annual state cost of attendance for a
public K-12 student shall be calculated by dividing the state
funds appropriated to the Foundation Program pursuant to
Section 16-13-231(b)(2) by the total statewide number of
pupils in average daily membership during the first 20
scholastic days following Labor Day of the preceding school
year. For each student who was enrolled in and attended a
failing priority school the previous semester whose parent
receives an income tax credit under this section, an amount
equal to 20 percent of the average annual state cost of
attendance for a public K-12 student during the applicable tax

year shall be allocated, for as long as the parent receives 393 394 the tax credit, to the failing priority school from which the 395 student transferred if the student transfers to and remains 396 enrolled in a nonpublic school. No such allocation shall be 397 made in the event the student transfers to or enrolls in a 398 nonfailing qualifying public school. The Department of 399 Education shall determine the best method of ensuring that the 400 foregoing allocation provisions are properly implemented. A 401 parent is allowed a credit against income tax for each taxable 402 year under the terms established in this section. If income taxes owed by such a parent are less than the total credit 403 404 allowed under this subsection, the taxpayer shall be entitled 405 to a refund or rebate, as the case may be, equal to the 406 balance of the unused credit with respect to that taxable 407 vear.

(2) Any income tax credit due a parent under this 408 409 section shall be granted or issued to the parent only upon his 410 or her making application therefor, at such time and in such 411 manner as may be prescribed from time to time by the 412 Department of Revenue. The application process shall include, 413 but not be limited to, certification by the parent that the 414 student was enrolled in or was assigned to attend a failing 415 priority school, certification by the parent that the student 416 was subsequently transferred to, and was enrolled and 417 attended, a-nonfailing qualifying public school or nonpublic 418 school of the parent's choice, and proof, satisfactory to the 419 Department of Revenue, of the actual cost of attendance for 420 the student at the nonfailing qualifying public school or



421 nonpublic school. For purposes of the tax credit authorized by 422 this section, costs of attendance does not include any such 423 costs incurred for an academic year prior to the 2013-2014 424 academic year. The Department of Revenue shall also prescribe 425 the various methods by which income tax credits are to be 426 issued to taxpayers. Income tax credits authorized by this 427 section shall be paid out of sales tax collections made to the 428 Education Trust Fund, and set aside by the Comptroller in the 429 Failing Priority Schools Income Tax Credit Account created in 430 subsection (c), in the same manner as refunds of income tax 431 otherwise provided by law, and there is hereby appropriated therefrom, for such purpose, so much as may be necessary to 432 433 annually pay the income tax credits provided by this section.

(3) An application for an income tax credit authorized by this section shall be filed with the Department of Revenue within the time prescribed for filing petitions for refund under Section 40-2A-7.

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- (4) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate reasonable rules to effectuate the intent of this subsection.
- (b) (1) The parent of a public school student may request and receive an income tax credit pursuant to this section to reimburse the parent for costs associated with transferring the student from a <u>failing priority</u> school to a <u>nonfailing qualifying</u> public school or nonpublic school of the parent's choice, in any of the following circumstances:
- a. By assigned school attendance area, if the student spent the prior school year in attendance at a <u>failing</u>

 priority school and the attendance of the student occurred



449 during a school year in which the designation was in effect.

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- b. The student was in attendance elsewhere in the Alabama public school system and was assigned to a failing priority school for the next school year.
- c. The student was notified that he or she was assigned to a failing priority school for the next school year.
 - (2) This section does not apply to a student who is enrolled in the Department of Youth Services School District.
- 457 (3) For the purposes of continuity of educational 458 choice, the tax credit shall be available to parents for those grade levels of the failing priority school from which the 459 460 student transferred. The parent of a student who transfers 461 from a failing priority school may receive income tax credits 462 for those grade levels enrolled in and attended in the 463 nonfailing qualifying public school or nonpublic school of the parent's choice transferred to that were included in the 464 465 failing priority school from which the student transferred, 466 whether or not the failing priority school becomes a 467 nonfailing qualifying school during those years. The parent of 468 such a student shall no longer be eligible for the income tax 469 credit after the student completes the highest grade level in 470 which he or she would otherwise have been enrolled at the 471 failing priority school. Notwithstanding the foregoing, as 472 long as the student remains enrolled in or assigned to attend 473 a failing priority school, the parent may again transfer the 474 student to a nonfailing qualifying public school or nonpublic 475 school of the parent's choice and request and receive an 476 income tax credit as provided in this section.



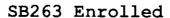
477 (c) A local school system, for each student enrolled 478 in or assigned to a <u>failing priority</u> school, shall do<u>all both</u> 479 of the following:

a.(1) Timely notify the parent of the student of all options available under this section as soon as the school of attendance is designated as a failing priority school.

 $\frac{b\cdot(2)}{(2)}$ Offer the parent of the student an opportunity to enroll the student in another public school within the local school system that is not a <u>failing priority</u> school or a <u>failing priority</u> school to which the student has been assigned.

(5)-(d) The parent of a student enrolled in or assigned to a school that has been designated as a failing priority school, who decides to transfer the student to a nonfailing qualifying public school, shall first attempt to enroll the student in a nonfailing qualifying public school within the same local system in which the student is already enrolled or assigned to attend before attempting to enroll the student in a nonfailing qualifying public school that has available space in any other local school system in the state. A local school system may accept the student on whatever terms and conditions the system establishes and report the student for purposes of the local school system's funding pursuant to the Foundation Program.

(6) (e) For students in the local school system who are participating in the tax eredit program, the local school system shall provide locations and times to take all statewide assessments required by law.

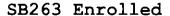




505	(7) (f) Students with disabilities Eligible students
506	with unique needs who are eligible to receive services from
507	the local school system under federal or state law, and who
508	participate in the tax credit program, remain eligible to
509	receive services from the local school system as provided by
510	federal or state law. The local school system shall be
511	reimbursed by the scholarship granting organization for all
512	contracted services provided to an eligible student and an
513	eligible student with unique needs.
514	(8)(g) If a parent enrolls a student in a-nenfailing
515	qualifying public school within the same local school system,
516	and that system provides transportation services for other
517	enrolled students, transportation costs to the nonfailing
518	qualifying public school shall be the responsibility of the
519	local school system. Local school systems may negotiate
520	transportation options with a parent to minimize system costs.
521	If a parent enrolls a student in a nonpublic school or in a
522	nonfailing qualifying public school within another local
523	school system, regardless of whether that system provides
524	transportation services for other enrolled students,
525	transportation of the student shall be the responsibility of
526	the parent.
527	(9)(h) The State Department of Education shall
528	promulgate adopt reasonable rules to effectuate the intent of
529	this subsection. Rules shall include penalties for
530	noncompliance.

(e)(i) There is created within the Education Trust Fund a separate account named the Failing Priority Schools Income

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Tax Credit Account. The Commissioner of Revenue shall certify to the Comptroller the amount of income tax credits due to parents under this section and the Comptroller shall transfer into the Failing Priority Schools Income Tax Credit Account only the amount from sales tax revenues within the Education Trust Fund that is sufficient for the Department of Revenue to use to cover the income tax credits for the applicable tax year. The Commissioner of Revenue shall distribute the funds in the Failing Priority Schools Income Tax Credit Account to parents pursuant to this section.

 $\frac{(d)}{(j)}(1)$ Nothing in this section or chapter shall be construed to force any public school, school system, or school district or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district to enroll any student.

- or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district may develop the terms and conditions under which it will allow a student whose parent receives an income tax credit pursuant to this section to be enrolled, but such terms and conditions may not discriminate on the basis of the race, gender, religion, color, disability status, or ethnicity of the student or of the student's parent.
- 3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the violation of or supersede the authority of any court ruling that applies to the public school, school system, or school district, specifically any federal court order related to the desegregation of the local school system's student population."



561 "§16-6D-9

- 562 (a) (1) An individual taxpayer who files a state income 563 tax return and is not claimed as a dependent of another 564 taxpayer, a taxpayer subject to the corporate income tax 565 levied by Chapter 18 of Title 40, an Alabama S corporation as 566 defined in Section 40-18-160, or a Subchapter K entity as 567 defined in Section 40-18-1 may claim a credit for a 568 contribution made to a scholarship granting organization. If 569 the credit is claimed by an Alabama S corporation or Subchapter K entity, the credit shall pass through to and may 570 571 be claimed by any taxpayer eligible to claim a credit under 572 this subdivision who is a shareholder, partner, or member 573 thereof, based on the taxpayer's pro rata or distributive 574 share, respectively, of the credit.
- 575 (2) The tax credit may be claimed by an individual 576 taxpayer or a married couple filing jointly in an amount equal 577 to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to 578 a scholarship granting organization for educational 579 scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is 580 claimed, up to 100 percent of the tax liability of the 581 individual taxpayer, not to exceed one hundred thousand 582 dollars (\$100,000) per individual taxpayer or married couple 583 filing jointly. For purposes of this section, an individual 584 taxpayer includes an individual who is a shareholder of an 585 Alabama S corporation or a partner or member of a Subchapter K 586 entity that made a contribution to a scholarship granting 587 organization.
 - (3) The tax credit may be claimed by a taxpayer subject



to the Alabama corporate income tax in an amount equal to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to a scholarship granting organization for educational scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, up to 100 percent of the tax liability of the taxpayer.

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- (4) A taxpayer subject to the Alabama corporate income tax, an individual taxpayer, or a married couple filing jointly may carry forward a tax credit earned under the tax credit scholarship program for up to three taxable years.
- 598 (5) The cumulative amount of tax credits issued 599 pursuant to subdivision (2) and subdivision (3) shall not 600 exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) forty million 601 dollars (\$40,000,000) annually, based on the calendar year. If 602 the cumulative amount of tax credits issued exceeds 90 percent 603 of the set cap for three out of four consecutive years, there 604 will be an automatic increase of ten million dollars 605 (\$10,000,000) until the cumulative amount of tax credits 606 issued reaches sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000). A taxpayer 607 making one or more otherwise tax-creditable contributions 608 before the due date, with extensions, of a timely filed 2014 609 tax return may elect to treat all or a portion of such 610 contributions as applying to and creditable against its 2014 611 Alabama income tax liability, if the taxpayer properly 612 reserves the credit on the website of the Department of 613 Revenue or another method provided by the Department of 614 Revenue. The amount creditable against the taxpaver's 2014 615 income tax liability shall be limited to the lesser of the 616 amount so designated or the remaining balance, if any, of the



617 cumulative amount of the twenty-five million dollars 618 (\$25,000,000) of tax credits available for the 2014 calendar 619 year. No such contribution and election by a taxpayer to 620 reserve tax credits against the remaining balance of the 621 cumulative amount of tax credits available for 2014 shall 622 preclude the taxpayer from making additional contributions in 623 2015 and reserving those amounts against the cumulative amount 624 of tax credits available for 2015. The Department of Revenue 625 shall develop a procedure to ensure that this cap is not 626 exceeded and shall also prescribe the various methods by which 627 these credits are to be issued.

- (6) No credit may be claimed for a contribution made to a scholarship granting organization if the contribution is restricted or conditioned in any way by the donor including, but not limited to, requiring the scholarship granting organization to direct all or part of the contribution to a particular qualifying school or to grant an educational scholarship to a particular eligible student.
- 635 (b)(1) ADMINISTRATIVE ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS. All scholarship granting organizations shall do all of the following:

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- a. Notify the Department of Revenue of their intent to provide educational scholarships to eligible students.
- b. Demonstrate to the Department of Revenue that they
 have been granted exemption from the federal income tax as an
 organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
 Revenue Code, as in effect from time to time.
 - c. Distribute periodic educational scholarship payments



645 as checks made out and mailed to or directly deposited with 646 the school where the student is enrolled.

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- d. Provide a Department of Revenue approved receipt to taxpayers for contributions made to the scholarship granting organization.
- 650 e. Ensure that all determinations with respect to the 651 eligibility of a student to receive an educational scholarship 652 shall be made by the scholarship granting organization. A 653 scholarship granting organization shall not delegate any responsibility for determining the eligibility of a student 654 655 for an educational scholarship or any other requirements it is 656 subject to under this chapter to any qualifying school or an 657 entity affiliated therewith.
- f. Verify that a student who is receiving an

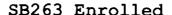
 educational scholarship as an eligible student with unique

 needs satisfies the qualifications provided in subdivision (6)

 of Section 16-6D-4, before the first day of every other

 instructional year for which the student receives the

 educational scholarship.
 - from donations is expended on educational scholarships, and that all revenue from interest or investments is expended on educational scholarships. A scholarship granting organization may expend up to five percent of its revenue from donations on administrative and operating expenses in the calendar year of the donation or in any subsequent calendar year.
- 671 $g \cdot h$. Ensure that scholarship funds on hand at the 672 beginning of a calendar year are expended on educational



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scholarships within three calendar years. Any scholarship funds on hand at the beginning of a calendar year that are not expended on educational scholarships within three calendar years shall be turned over to and deposited with the State Department of Education for the benefit of its At-Risk Student Program to be distributed to local boards of education on the basis determined by the State Department of Education in furtherance of support to underperforming schools.

h.i. Ensure that at least 75 percent of first-time recipients of educational scholarships were not continuously enrolled in a private school during the previous academic year. To ensure compliance with this paragraph, the local board of education of the local school system in which an eligible student applying for an educational scholarship resides, upon written request by a parent, shall provide written verification that a particular address is in the attendance zone of a specified public school. The State Department of Education shall provide written verification of enrollment in a priority school under this chapter. With respect to first time educational scholarship recipients, scholarship granting organizations shall give priority to eligible students who are zoned to attend a priority school over eligible students who are not zoned to attend a priority school.

j. Ensure that 25 percent of first-time recipients of educational scholarships are not zoned for a priority school and were not continuously enrolled in a private school during the previous academic year.



701 <u>i.k.</u> Cooperate with the Department of Revenue to
702 conduct criminal background checks on all of their employees
703 and board members and exclude from employment or governance
704 any individual who may reasonably pose a risk to the
705 appropriate use of contributed funds.

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j.l. Ensure that educational scholarships are portable during the academic year and can be used at any qualifying school that accepts the eligible student according to the wishes of the parent. If an eligible student transfers to another qualifying school during an academic year, the educational scholarship amount may be prorated.

k.m. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue by September 1 of each year all of the following information prepared by a certified public accountant regarding their educational scholarships funded in the previous academic year:

- 1. The name and address of the scholarship granting organization.
- 2. The total number and total dollar amount of contributions received during the previous academic year.
- 720 3. The total number and total dollar amount of 721 educational scholarships awarded and funded during the 722 previous academic year, the total number and total dollar 723 amount of educational scholarships awarded and funded during 724 the previous academic year for students qualifying for the 725 federal free and reduced-price lunch program, and the 726 percentage of first-time recipients of educational 727 scholarships who were enrolled in a public school during the 728 previous academic year.



1.n. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue, by
the 15th day after the close of each calendar quarter, all of
the following information about educational scholarships
granted during the quarter:

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- 1. The total number of scholarships awarded and funded.
- 2. The names of the qualifying schools that received funding for educational scholarships, the total amount of funds paid to each qualifying school, and the total number of scholarship recipients enrolled in each qualifying school.
- 3. The total number of eligible students zoned to attend a <u>failing priority</u> school who received educational scholarships from the scholarship granting organization.
- 4. The total number of first time scholarship
 recipients who were continuously enrolled in a nonpublic
 school prior to receiving an educational scholarship from that
 scholarship granting organization.
- 745 m.o. Ensure that educational scholarships are not
 746 provided for eligible students to attend a school with paid
 747 staff or board members, or relatives thereof, in common with
 748 the scholarship granting organization.
- 749 n.p. Ensure that educational scholarships are provided 750 in a manner that does not discriminate based on the gender, 751 race, or disability status of the scholarship applicant or his 752 or her parent.
- o. Ensure that educational scholarships are provided

 only to eligible students who are zoned to attend a failing

 school so that the eligible student can attend a qualifying

 school. To ensure compliance with the immediately preceding



757 sentence, the local board of education for the county or 758 municipality in which an cligible student applying for an 759 educational scholarship resides, upon written request by a 760 parent, shall provide written verification that a particular 761 address is in the attendance zone of a specified public 762 school. The State Department of Education shall provide 763 written verification of enrollment in a failing school under 764 this chapter. With respect to first time educational 765 scholarship recipients, scholarship granting organizations 766 shall give priority to eligible students zoned to attend 767 failing schools over eligible students not zoned to attend 768 failing schools. 769 q. Any scholarship funds unaccounted for on July 31st 770 June 30 of each calendar year may be made available to 771 eligible students to defray the costs of attending a 772 qualifying school, whether or not the student is zoned to 773 attend a failing priority school. Any provision of this 774 section to the contrary notwithstanding, once an eligible 775 student receives an educational scholarship under this 776 program, scholarship funds may be made available to the 777 student for educational scholarships until the student 778 graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age, 779 regardless of whether the student is zoned to attend a failing 780 priority school, subject to the income eligibility 781 requirements of paragraph (5)b. -ef subdivision-(4) of Section 782 16-6D-4. 783 r. An eligible student who enrolls in a public school 784 or public school program is considered to have terminated his



or her participation in the program. Any remaining scholarship
funds shall be paid to the public school system in which the
eligible student enrolls.

p.s. Ensure that no donations are directly made to benefit specifically designated scholarship recipients or to particular qualifying schools.

q.t. Submit to the Department of Revenue annual verification of the scholarship granting organization's policies and procedures used to determine scholarship eligibility. The verification shall confirm that the scholarship granting organization, and not one or more qualifying schools accepting educational scholarship recipients or scholarship funds, is determining whether scholarship applicants are eligible to receive educational scholarships. The verification shall also confirm that the scholarship granting organization is giving priority to receive an educational scholarship to eligible students zoned to attend—failing priority schools.

verification that none of its actions or policies restricts a parent's educational choice by limiting or prohibiting the enrollment of eligible students in a qualifying school if those eligible students received educational scholarships from other scholarship granting organizations.

- (2) FINANCIAL ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS.
- a. All scholarship granting organizations shall demonstrate their financial accountability by doing all of the following:



813 1. Maintaining a 10 percent reserve bal	lance.
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- 1.2. Annually submitting to the Department of Revenue a 815 financial information report for the scholarship granting organization that complies with uniform financial accounting standards established by the Department of Revenue and 817 conducted by a certified public accountant.
- 819 2.3. Having the auditor certify that the report is free 820 of material misstatements.
- 821 b. All qualifying nonpublic schools shall demonstrate 822 financial viability, if they are to receive donations of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more during the academic year, 823 824 by doing either of the following:
- 825 1. Filing with the scholarship granting organization 826 prior to receipt of the first educational scholarship payment 827 for that academic year a surety bond payable to the scholarship granting organization in an amount equal to the 828 aggregate amount of scholarship funds expected to be received 829 830 during the academic year.
- 831 2. Filing with the scholarship granting organization 832 prior to receipt of the first educational scholarship payment 833 for that academic year financial information that demonstrates 834 the financial viability of the qualifying nonpublic school.
- 835 c. A qualifying school, private tutor, or other 836 educational service provider may not refund, rebate, or share 837 a student's scholarship with a parent or the student in any 838 manner.
- 839 (c)(1) Each scholarship granting organization shall 840 annually collect and submit to the Department of Revenue with



- 841 the annual report required by paragraph k. of subdivision (1)
- 842 of subsection (b) (1) m. written verification from qualifying
- 843 nonpublic schools that accept its educational scholarship
- 844 students that those schools do all of the following:
- a. Comply with all health and safety laws or codes that
- 846 otherwise apply to nonpublic schools.
- b. Hold a valid occupancy permit if required by the
- 848 municipality.
- c. Certify compliance with nondiscrimination policies
- 850 set forth in 42 U.S.C. §1981.
- d. Conduct criminal background checks on employees and
- 852 then do all of the following:
- 1. Exclude from employment any person not permitted by
- state law to work in a public school.
- 2. Exclude from employment any person who may
- 856 reasonably pose a threat to the safety of students.
- 857 (2) By August 1 of each year, each qualifying nonpublic
- 858 school shall provide to each scholarship granting organization
- 859 from which it receives educational scholarships verification
- 860 that the qualifying nonpublic school is in compliance with the
- 861 Alabama Child Protection Act of 1999, Chapter 22A of this
- 862 title. Any qualifying nonpublic school failing to timely
- provide such annual verification shall be prohibited from
- participating in the scholarship program. Each scholarship
- granting organization shall annually submit to the Department
- 866 of Revenue with the annual report required by paragraph k of
- 867 subdivision (1) of subsection (b) (1) m. copies of the written
- 868 verifications it receives from each qualifying nonpublic



869 school.

- (3) ACADEMIC ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS. There shall be sufficient information about the academic impact educational scholarship tax credits have on students participating in the tax credit scholarship program in order to allow parents and taxpayers to measure the achievements of the tax credit scholarship program, and therefore:
- a. Each scholarship granting organization shall ensure that qualifying schools that accept its educational scholarship students shall do all of the following:
 - 1. Annually administer either the state achievement tests or nationally recognized norm-referenced tests that measure learning gains in math and language arts to all students receiving an educational scholarship in grades that require testing under the accountability testing laws of the state for public schools, in order that the state can compare the academic achievement and learning gains of students receiving educational scholarships with students of the same socioeconomic and educational backgrounds who are taking the state achievement tests or nationally norm-referenced tests.

 An eligible student with unique needs for whom standardized testing is not appropriate, as outlined in his or her individualized education plan (IEP), is exempt from the requirements of this subparagraph.
 - 2. Allow the costs of the testing requirement to be covered by the educational scholarships distributed by the scholarship granting organizations.
 - 3. Provide the parents of each student who was tested



- with a copy of the results of the tests on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
- 4. Provide the test results to the Department of Revenue on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
- 5. Report student information that allows the state to aggregate data by grade level, gender, family income level, and race.
- 905 6. Provide graduation rates of those students
 906 benefitting from educational scholarships to the Department of
 907 Revenue or an organization chosen by the state in a manner
 908 consistent with nationally recognized standards.
- 7. Ensure that a student who receives an educational scholarship conforms to the attendance requirements of the qualifying school. If a student fails to conform, the qualifying school shall immediately communicate the failure to the applicable scholarship granting organization.
- 914 <u>8. Ensure that an eligible student with unique needs</u>
 915 <u>who satisfies the requirements outlined in subparagraph 1., is</u>
 916 <u>exempt from taking state achievement tests.</u>
- 917 <u>9. Ensure that an eligible student with unique needs is</u>
 918 <u>not enrolled in a public school or public school program while</u>
 919 <u>participating in the scholarship program.</u>
- b. The Department of Revenue may bar a qualifying

 school or educational service provider from the program if the

 Department of Revenue discovers that the qualifying school or

 educational service provider has done any of the following:

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1. Routinely failed to comply with the accountability



925 standards established in this chapter.

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- 2. Failed to provide the eligible student with the educational services funded by the program.
- c. If the Department of Revenue makes the determination
 to bar a qualifying school or educational service provider
 from the program, the Department of Revenue shall notify
 eligible students and their parents of this decision as soon
 as practicable. The Department of Revenue shall coordinate the
 timing to coincide with the end of the school year.

934 b.d.1. The Department of Revenue shall select an 935 independent research organization, which may be a public or 936 private entity or university, to analyze the results of the 937 testing required by paragraph a. every other academic year. 938 The cost of analyzing and reporting on the test results to the 939 Department of Revenue by the independent research organization 940 shall be borne by all scholarship granting organizations in 941 proportion to the total scholarship donations received for the 942 two calendar years prior to the report being published. 943 Scholarship granting organizations may receive and use funds 944 from outside sources to pay for its share of the biennial 945 report.

2. The independent research organization shall report to the Department of Revenue every other year on the learning gains of students receiving educational scholarships and the report shall be aggregated by the grade level, gender, family income level, number of years of participation in the tax credit scholarship program, and race of the student receiving an educational scholarship. The report shall also include, to



the extent possible, a comparison of the learning gains of students participating in the tax credit scholarship program to the statewide learning gains of public school students with socioeconomic and educational backgrounds similar to those students participating in the tax credit scholarship program.

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- 3. The first report under this paragraph shall be submitted to the Department of Revenue by September 1, 2016. Each biennial report thereafter shall be submitted to the Department of Revenue on September 1 of the year the report is due. All biennial reports required by this paragraph shall be published on the website of the Department of Revenue.
- 4. Each scholarship granting organization shall collect all test results from qualifying schools accepting its scholarship recipients and turn over such test results to the independent research organization described in this paragraph by August 15 of each calendar year.
- 969 5. The sharing and reporting of student learning gain 970 data under this paragraph shall conform to the requirements of 971 the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 972 § 1232g., and shall be for the sole purpose of creating the 973 biennial report required by this paragraph. All parties shall 974 preserve the confidentially of such information as required by 975 law. The biennial report shall not disaggregate data to a 976 level that could identify qualifying schools participating in 977 the tax credit scholarship program or disclose the academic 978 level of individual students.
- 979 6. At the same time the biennial report under 980 subparagraph 2. is submitted to the Department of Revenue, it



- shall be submitted to the Chair of the Senate Education Policy

 Committee and the Chair of the House Education Policy

 Committee.
- 984 (d)(1) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules and procedures consistent with this section as necessary.
- 986 (2) The Department of Revenue shall provide a
 987 standardized format for a receipt to be issued by a
 988 scholarship granting organization to a taxpayer to indicate
 989 the value of a contribution received. The Department of
 990 Revenue shall require a taxpayer to provide a copy of the
 991 receipt when claiming the tax credit pursuant to this section.
 - (3) The Department of Revenue shall provide a standardized format for a scholarship granting organization to report the information required in paragraphs $\frac{k. \text{ and } l. \text{ of}}{\text{subdivision (1) of subsection}}$ (b) $\frac{(1)m. \text{ and (b) (1)n}}{\text{constant of the subsection}}$
- 996 (4) The Department of Revenue may conduct either a
 997 financial review or audit of a scholarship granting
 998 organization.

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- granting organization or a qualifying school from

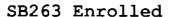
 participating in the tax credit scholarship program if the

 Department of Revenue establishes that the scholarship

 granting organization or the qualifying school has

 intentionally and substantially failed to comply with the

 requirements in subsection (b) or subsection (c).
 - (6) If the Department of Revenue decides to bar a scholarship granting organization or a qualifying school from the tax credit scholarship program, the Department of Revenue





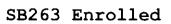
shall notify affected educational scholarship students and their parents of the decision as quickly as possible.

- (7) The Department of Revenue shall publish and routinely update, on the website of the department, a list of scholarship granting organizations in the state, by county.
- (8) The Department of Revenue shall publish and make publicly available on its website all annual and quarterly reports required to be filed with it by scholarship granting organizations under paragraphs k. and l. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b).
- (e)(1) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall be required to operate in Alabama.
- (2) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall comply with all state laws that apply to public schools regarding criminal background checks for employees and exclude from employment any person not permitted by state law to work in a public school.
- (3) All qualifying nonpublic schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall maintain a website that describes the school, the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated prior to the beginning of each semester.
- (4) The amount of a scholarship awarded a student to attend a nonpublic school may not exceed the total sum of tuition and mandatory fees normally charged a student to attend the nonpublic school for the same attendance period. The amount of a scholarship awarded a student to attend a public school may not exceed the total state appropriation



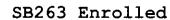
1037 provided for a student to attend the public school for the 1038 same attendance period.

- (f) The tax credit provided in this section may be first claimed for the 2013 tax year, but may not be claimed for any tax year prior to the 2013 tax year.
- 1042 (q)(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 1043 force any public school, school system, or school district or 1044 any nonpublic school, school system, or school district to 1045 enroll any student. No qualifying school may enter into any 1046 agreement, whether oral or written, with a scholarship 1047 granting organization that would prohibit or limit an eligible 1048 student from enrolling in the school based on the identity of 1049 the scholarship granting organization from which the eligible 1050 student received an educational scholarship.
- 1051 (2) A public school, school system, or school district 1052 or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district may 1053 develop the terms and conditions under which it will allow a 1054 student who receives a scholarship from a scholarship granting 1055 organization pursuant to this section to be enrolled, but such 1056 terms and conditions may not discriminate on the basis of the 1057 race, gender, religion, disability status, or ethnicity of the 1058 student or of the student's parent.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
 authorize the violation of or supersede the authority of any
 court ruling that applies to the public school, school system,
 or school district, specifically any federal court order
 related to the desegregation of the local school system's
 student population.





1065	(h) Nothing in this chapter shall affect or change the
1066	athletic eligibility rules of student athletes governed by the
1067	Alabama High School Athletic Association or similar
1068	association."
1069	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first
1070	day of the third month following its passage and approval by
1071	the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.





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1075	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate
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1079	Note of the second seco
1080	Speaker of the House of Representatives
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1083	SB263
1084	Senate 23-May-23
1035	I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed
1086	the Senate, as amended.
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1088	Patrick Harris,
1089	Secretary.
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1094	House of Representatives
1095	Passed: 31-May-23
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1100	By: Senator Chesteen

APPROVED

TIME

Alabama Secretary Of State

Act Num...: 2023-418 Bill Num...: S-263

Recvid 06/08/23 10:54amSLF

		SENATE ACTION		HOUSE ACTION	
sor esteen Ponsors		I hereby certify that the Resolution as required in Section C of Act No. 81-889 was adopted and is attached to the Bill,	DATE: RD 1 RFD	J-24	20 <u>2</u> 3
ssions cloon	20	SB <u>263</u> . yeas <u>25</u> nays <u>8</u> abstain <u>0</u> PATRICK HARRIS, Secretary	This bill ha	F STANDING COMMITTE tving been referred by the standing committee	the on
lilliams seed cafield	22 23 24	I hereby certify that the notice & proof is attached to the Bill, SB as required in the General Acts of Alabama, 1975 Act No. 919. PATRICK HARRIS, Secretary	acted upon session, an House with t Passed, w/a This 25th	neans Education went by such committee directurned therefrom to the recommendation that it mend(s)w/sub_day of,20_2	in the be _ · 3.
	<u>25</u> <u>26</u>		DATE:	5·25	20 <u>7</u> 3
	28	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE Senate Conferees	DATE:		20
	30		RE-REFERRED Committee	RE-COMMITTED	_
	<u>31</u> <u>32</u>		required in	ertify that the Resolution Section C of Act No. 81-8	89
	33		was adopte SB 203	d and is attached to the B NAYS JOHN TREADWEL	_
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